employment. Particular attention has been paid to the policy environment influencing a wide range of economic activities which have a large employment potential. This will also help the unemployed persons in Andhra Pradesh.

National Child Labour Projects

†536. PROF. M.M. AGARWAL: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the name of various National Child Labour Projects being implemented in different States;

(b) the amount allocated for each of the projects during the last three years, State-wise and Union Territory-wise;

(c) whether Government proposed to abolish the practice of child labour prevailing in the country; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI SANTOSH GANGWAR): (a) The Government of India has been implementing the Scheme of National Child Labour Projects (NCLPs) in 100 districts of 13 Child Labour endemic states. List of the 100 NCLPs is at Statement (*See* below).

(b) District-wise details are at Annexure. [*See* Appendix 199, Annexure No. 3]

(c) and (d) Under the Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986 employment of children below the age of 14 is prohibited in 13 Occupations and 57 Processes listed to the Schedule of the Act. Employers employing children in occupations and processes prohibited under the Act are liable to be prosecuted. The Central Government and State/UT Governments have enforcement machineries to enforce child labour related provisions of the various laws.

Government is committed to the goal of eradication of child labour in all its forms.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

Statement

List of National Child Labour Projects running in 13 States

(Total Projects in Operation : 100)

1.	Andhra Pradesh	: Anantapur, Chittor Cuddapah, East Godavari, Guntur, Hyderabad, Karimnagar, Kurnool, Medak, Nalgonda, Khammam, Nellore, Nizamabad, Markapur, Ranga Reddy, Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Vishapatnam, Warangal, West Godavari, Mahaboobnagar, Adilabad. **(22)**
2.	Bihar	: Nalanda, Saharsa, Jamui **(3)**
3.	Jharkhand	: Garwah, Sahibganj, Dumka, Pakur, West Singhbhum (Chaibasa). **(5)**
4.	Karnataka	: Bijapur, Raichur, Dharwad, Bangalore Rural, Bangalore Urban. **(5)**
5.	Madhya Pradesh	: Mandsaur, Gwalior, Ujjain **(3)**
6.	Chattisgarh	: Durg, Bilaspur, Rajnandgaon, Surguja, Raigarh **(5)**
7.	Maharashtra	: Solapur, Thane, **(2)**
8.	Orissa	: Angul, Bargarh, Bolangir, Deogarh, Gajapati (Udaigiri), Ganjam, Jharsuguda, Kalahandi, Koraput, Malkangiri, Mayurbhanj, Nabarangpur, Nuapada, Rayagada, Sambalpur, Sonepur, Cuttack, Balasore. **(18)**
9.	Rajasthan	: Jaipur, Udaipur, Tonk, Jodhpur, Ajmer, Alwar **(6)**
10.	Tamil Nadu	: Chidambarnar (Tuticorin), Coimbatore, Dharmapuri, Kamrajar (Virudhunagar), Vellore, Pudokkotai, Salem, Tiruchirapalli, Tirunelveli. **(9)**
11.	Uttar Pradesh	: Aligarh, Firozabad, Moradabad, Varanasi, Mirzapur, Bhadohi, Bulandshahar (Khurja), Allahabad, Kanpur (Nagar), Saharanpur, Azamgarh. **(11)**

12. West Bengal	:	Burdwan, Dakshin Dinajpur, Midnapore, North 24-Parganas, South 24-Parganas, Uttar Dinajpur, Murshidabad, Calcutta. **(8)**
13. Punjab	:	Jalandhar, Ludhiana, Amritsar **(3)**

Social Security Scheme

537. SHRIMATI S.G. INDIRA:
SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government proposed to bring a comprehensive Bill in order to provide Social Security Scheme Cover to agricultural and unorganised workers;

(b) if so, whether Government have taken care of the specific recommendations of the Second Labour Commission before drafting the Bill in this connection; and

(c) whether the Social Security Scheme Cover also include Employment Guarantee Scheme and Unemployment Allowance in the proposed Bill?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI SANTOSH GANGWAR): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The details of the Draft Bill are still at the stage of finalization.

Amendment in Payment of Bonus Act

538. SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to amend the Payment of Bonus Act in order to waive limit of wages and quantum of bonus so that all the workers could get a share of profit in industries;

(b) if so, by when such a legislation is likely to be brought before Parliament; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefore?